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Lattice 2024

**Topological Data Analysis  
of Monopole Currents  
in  $U(1)$  Lattice Gauge Theory**



**Biagio Lucini**  
Swansea University



**Jeff Giansiracusa**  
Durham University



**Next talk Fri 12:35**



**Biagio Lucini**  
Swansea University

**Previous talk Fri 11:55**



**Jeff Giansiracusa**  
Durham University



# Topological Data Analysis



## Topological Data Analysis

# Extract topological information from data



# Topological Data Analysis

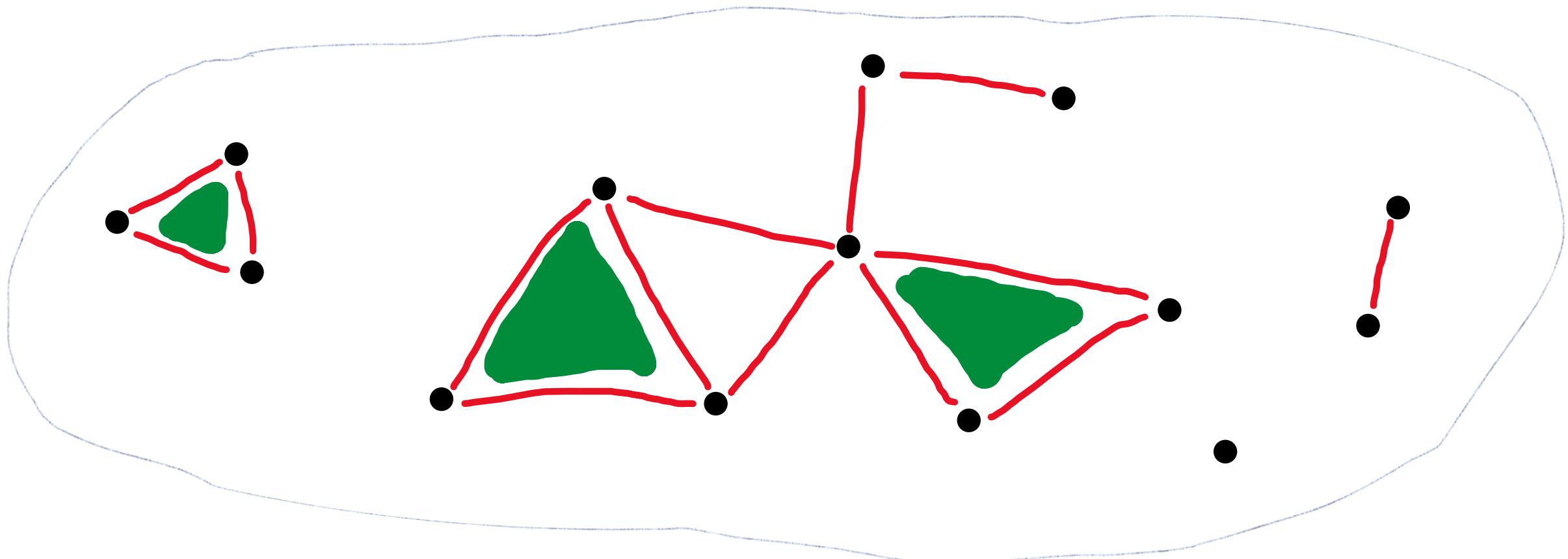
Extract topological information from data

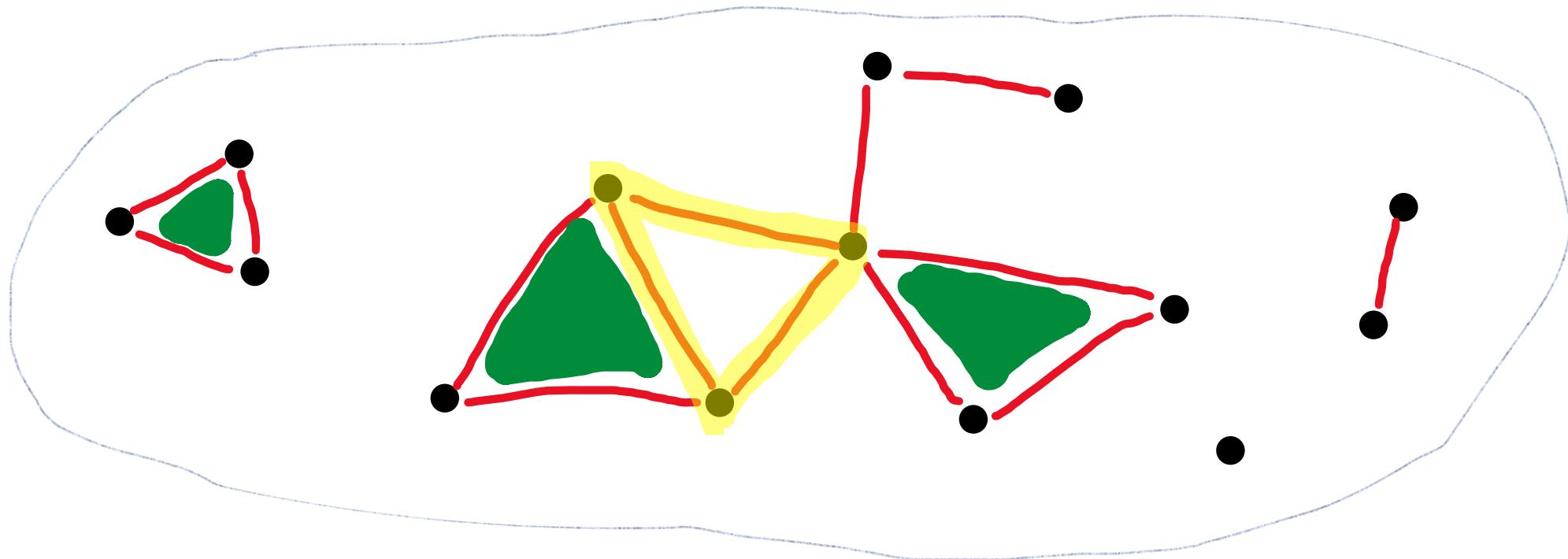
By computing the **homology** of a  
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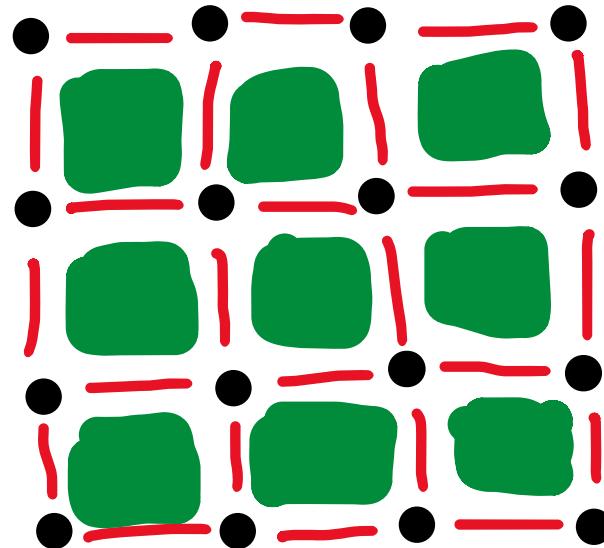
e.g. a simplicial complex





# Cycle which is **not** a boundary

# A 4-dimensional lattice has a natural **cubical complex**





# Motivation

Want to use TDA to study  
confinement mechanisms in LGTs

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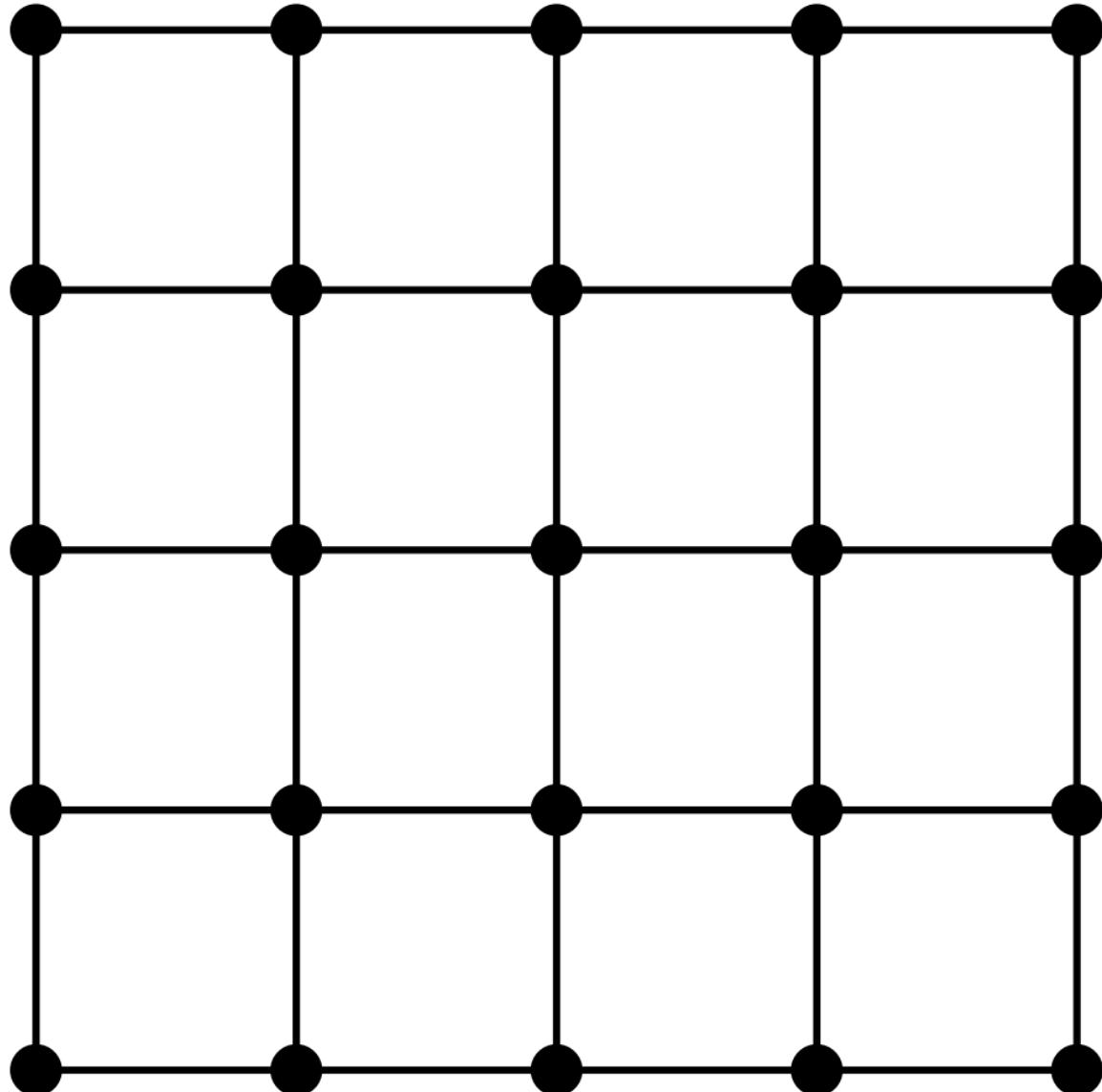
2. Can we

**use TDA to elucidate the structures  
formed by topological defects**

in a configuration?

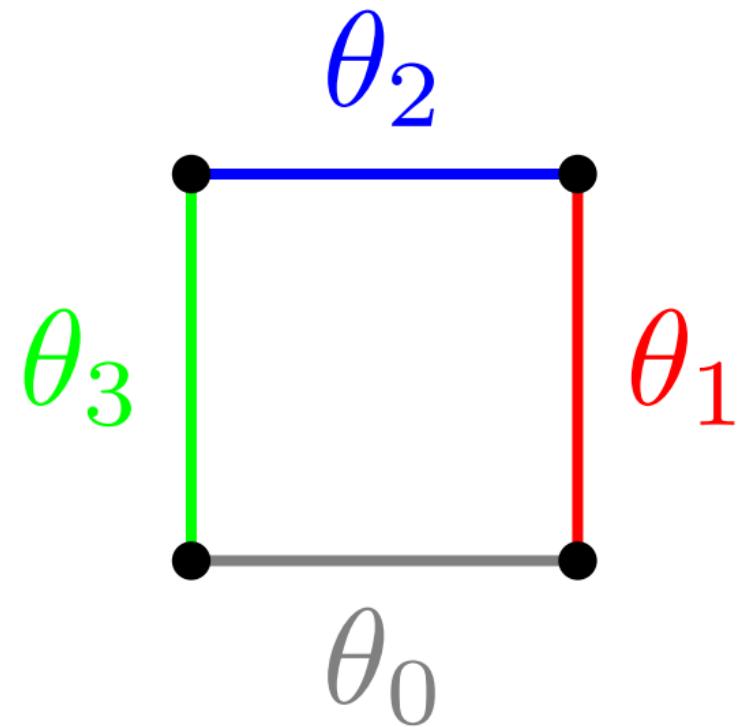


# Nice Toy Model: $U(1)$ Lattice Gauge Theory



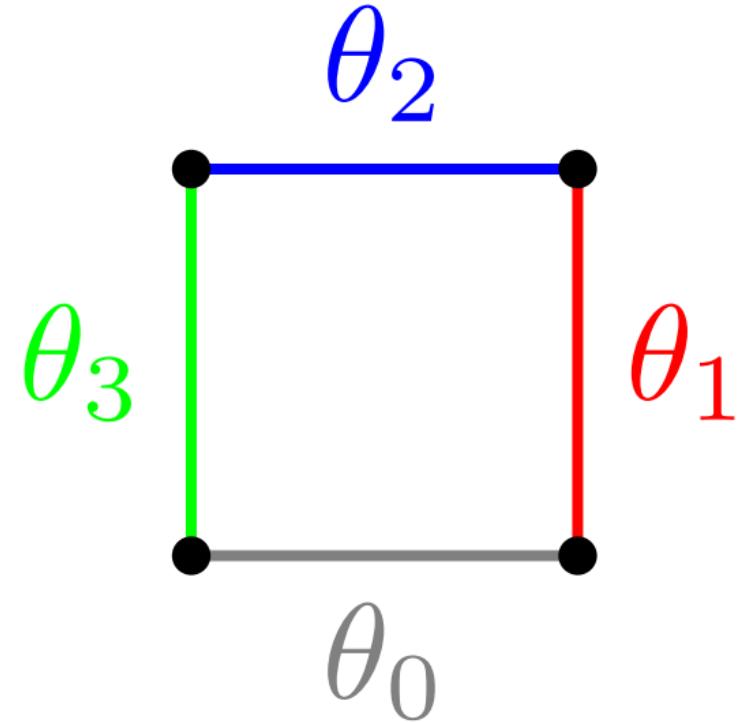


$$\theta_i \in (-\pi, \pi]$$

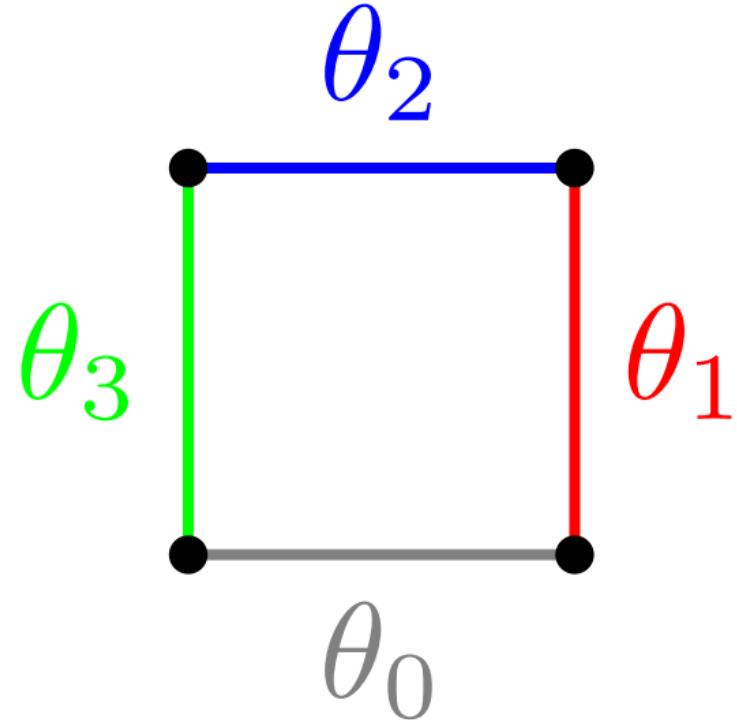




$$\theta_i \in (-\pi, \pi]$$



$$\theta_p \equiv \theta_0 + \theta_1 - \theta_2 - \theta_3$$



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$$\begin{aligned}\theta_p &\equiv \theta_0 + \theta_1 - \theta_2 - \theta_3 \\ &\in (-4\pi, 4\pi]\end{aligned}$$

Corresponds with **magnetic flux** through a plaquette



Given **Wilson action**

$$S = \beta \sum_p (1 - \cos \theta_p)$$



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$S$  has minima periodic in  $2\pi$



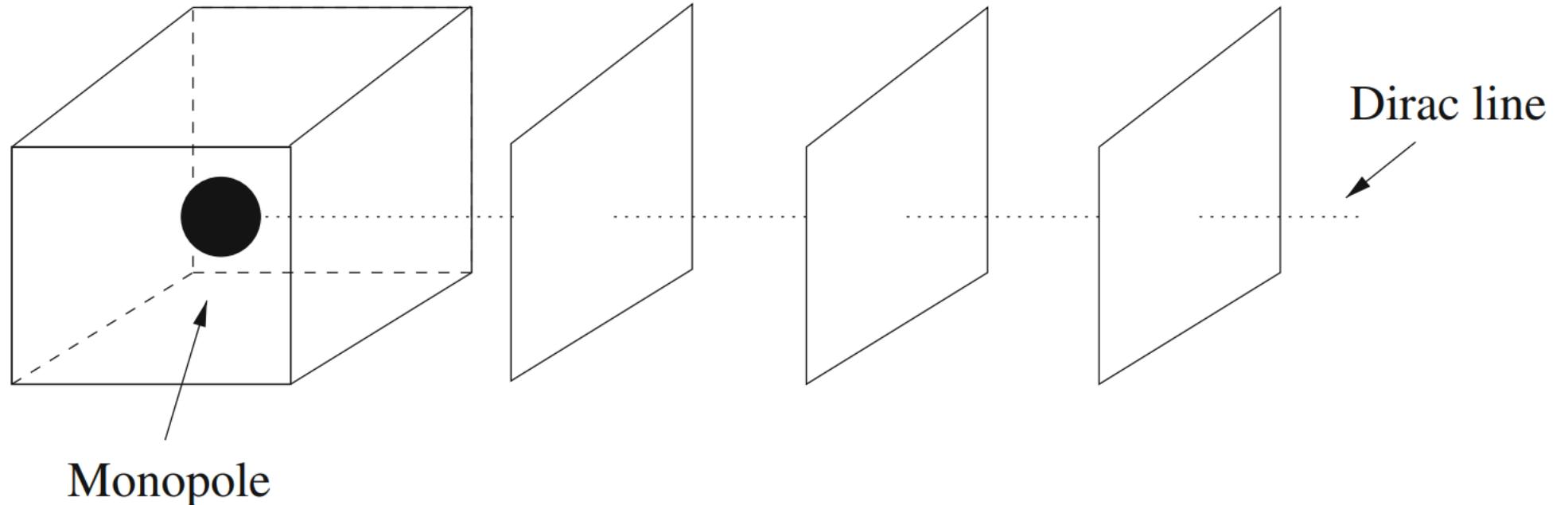
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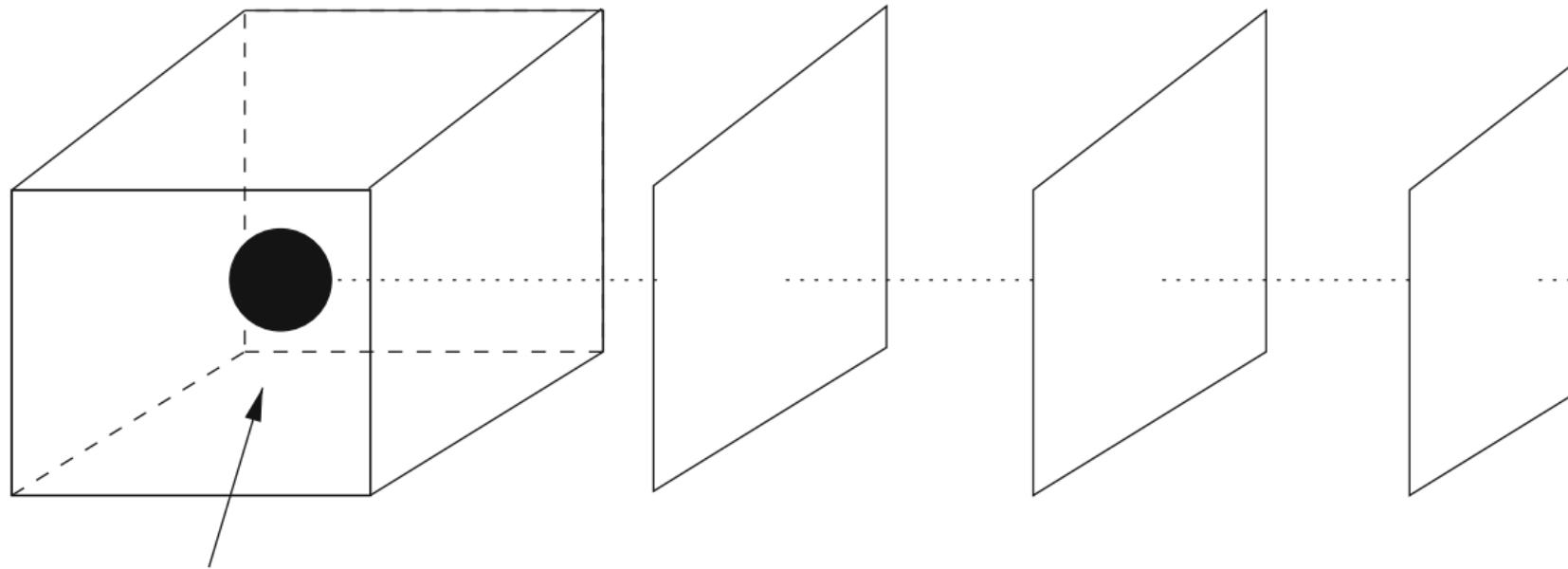
$S$  has minima periodic in  $2\pi$

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# Defines stable objects of $2\pi$ flux called “Dirac strings”



# Endpoint of a Dirac string is a source of magnetic field



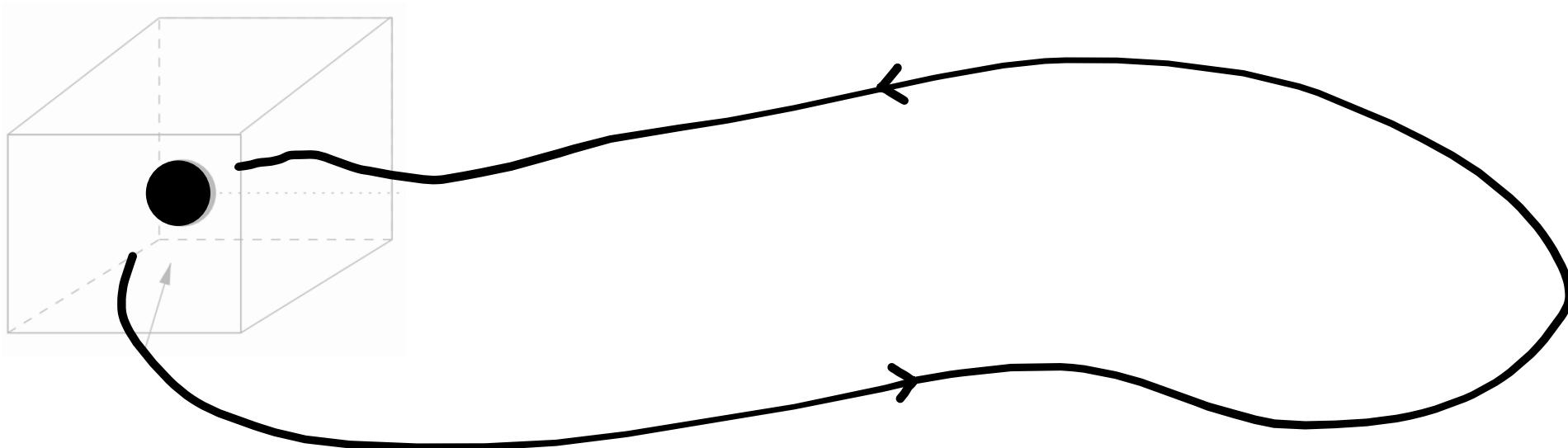
Monopole

T. DeGrand and D. Toussaint,  
Phys. Rev. D 22 (1980) 2478

In 3-dim, a particle-like  
topological defect is detected  
by measuring the flux  
emanating from a unit 3-cube

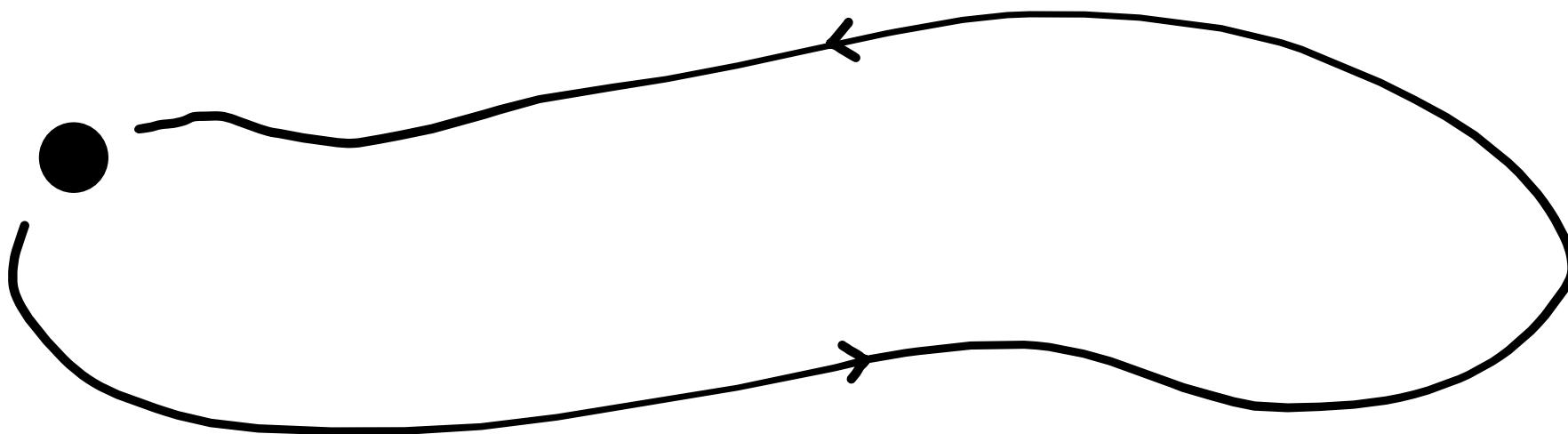
# In 4 dimensions

## Monopoles sweep out closed curves



# monopole current

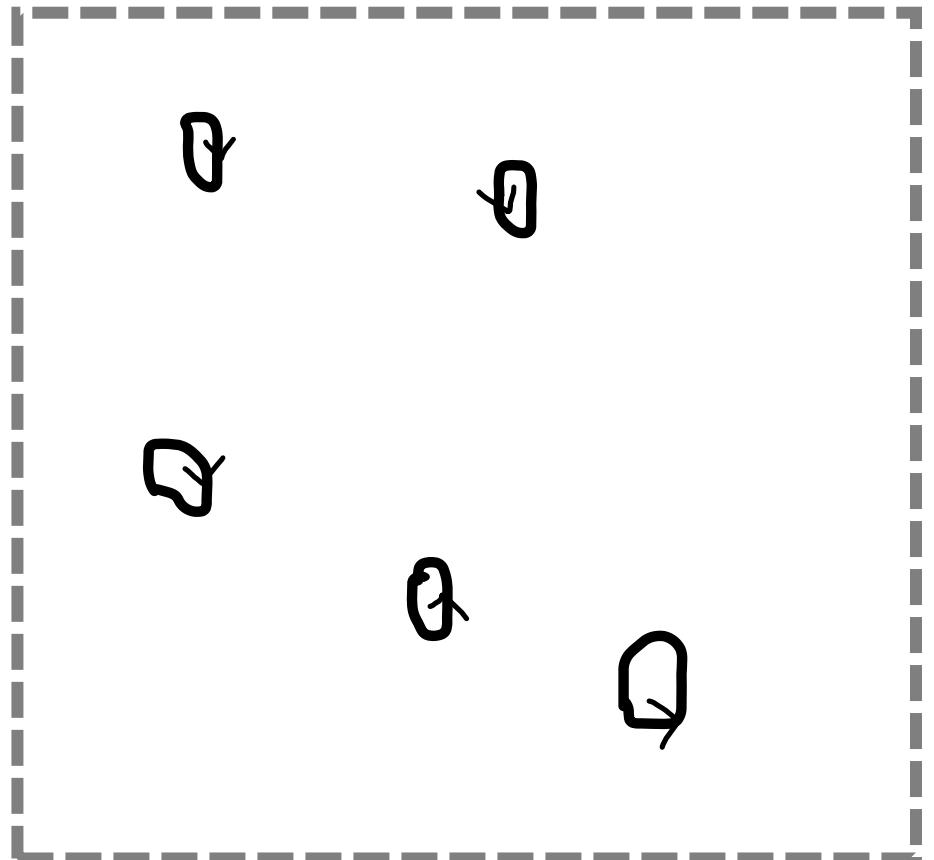
Represents creation-annihilation pair of propagating monopole-anti-monopole



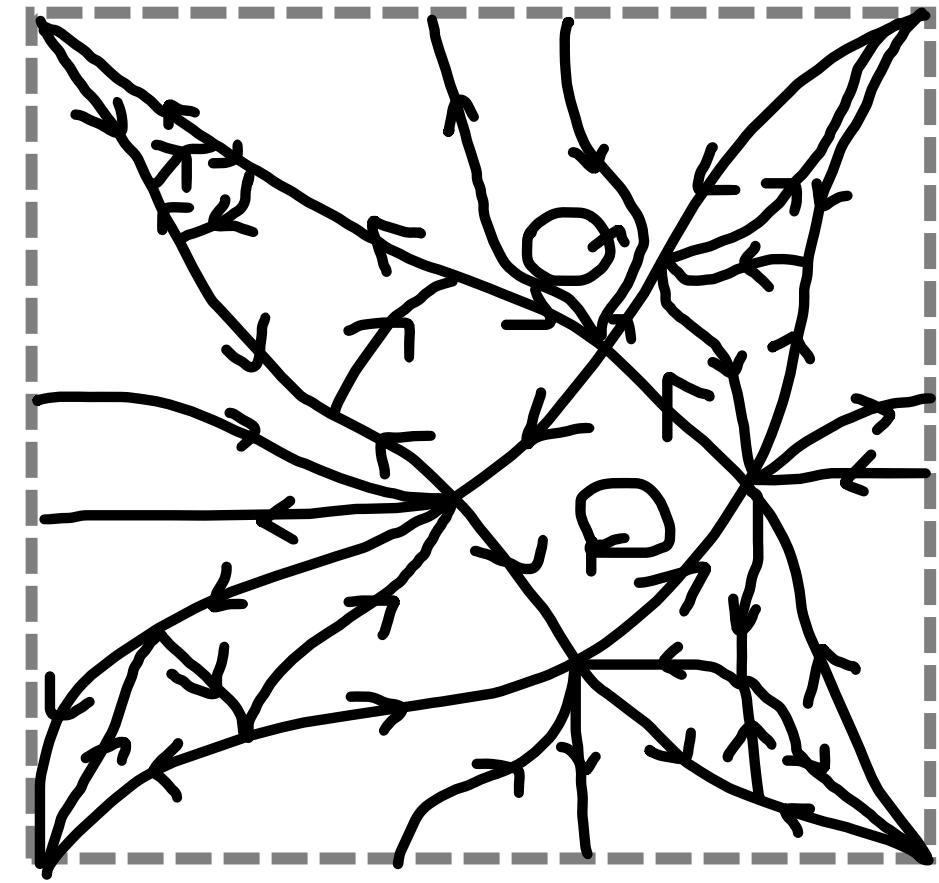


# In 4 dimensions

There exists a  
**first-order** phase transition



## Deconfined Phase

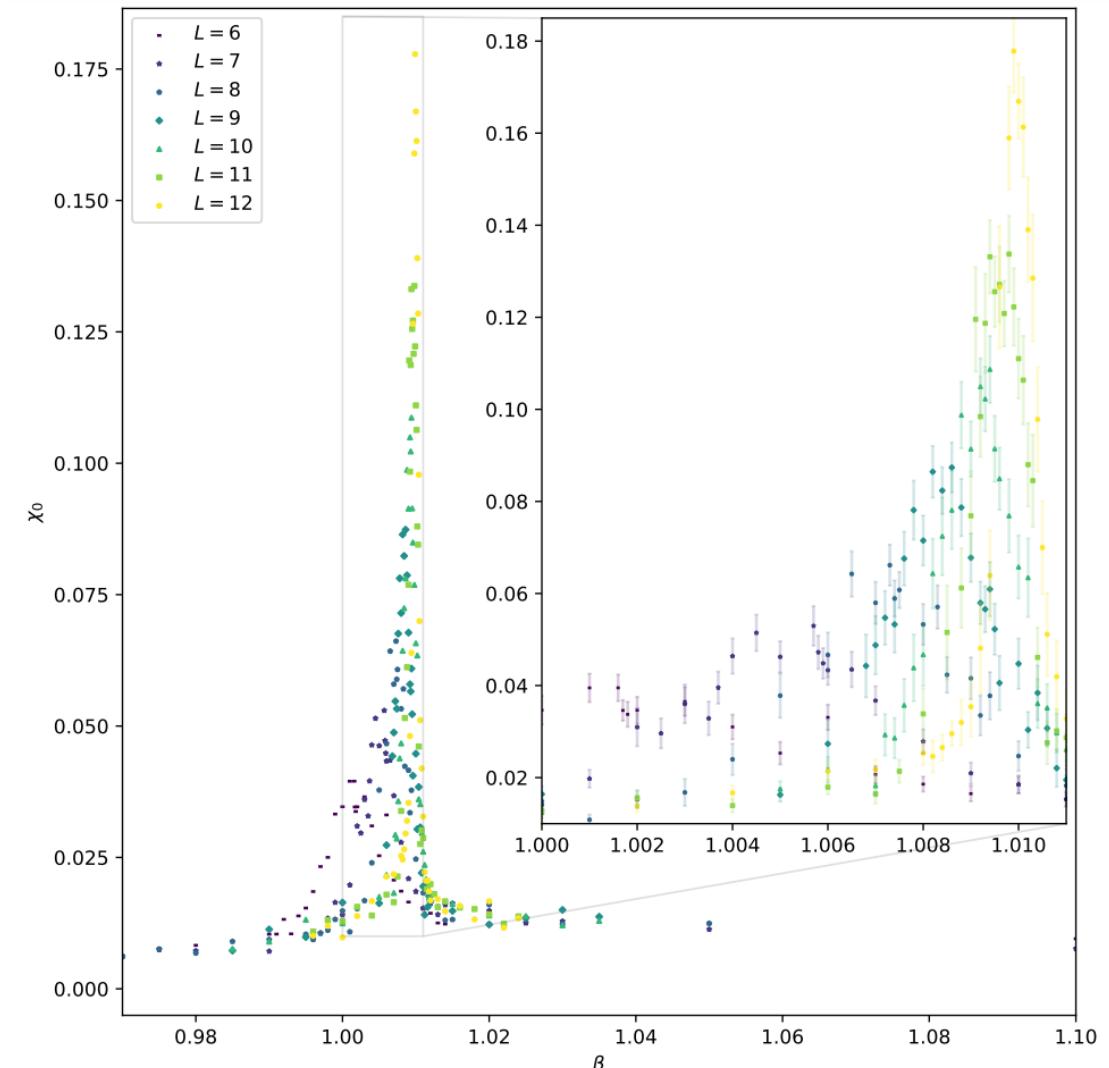
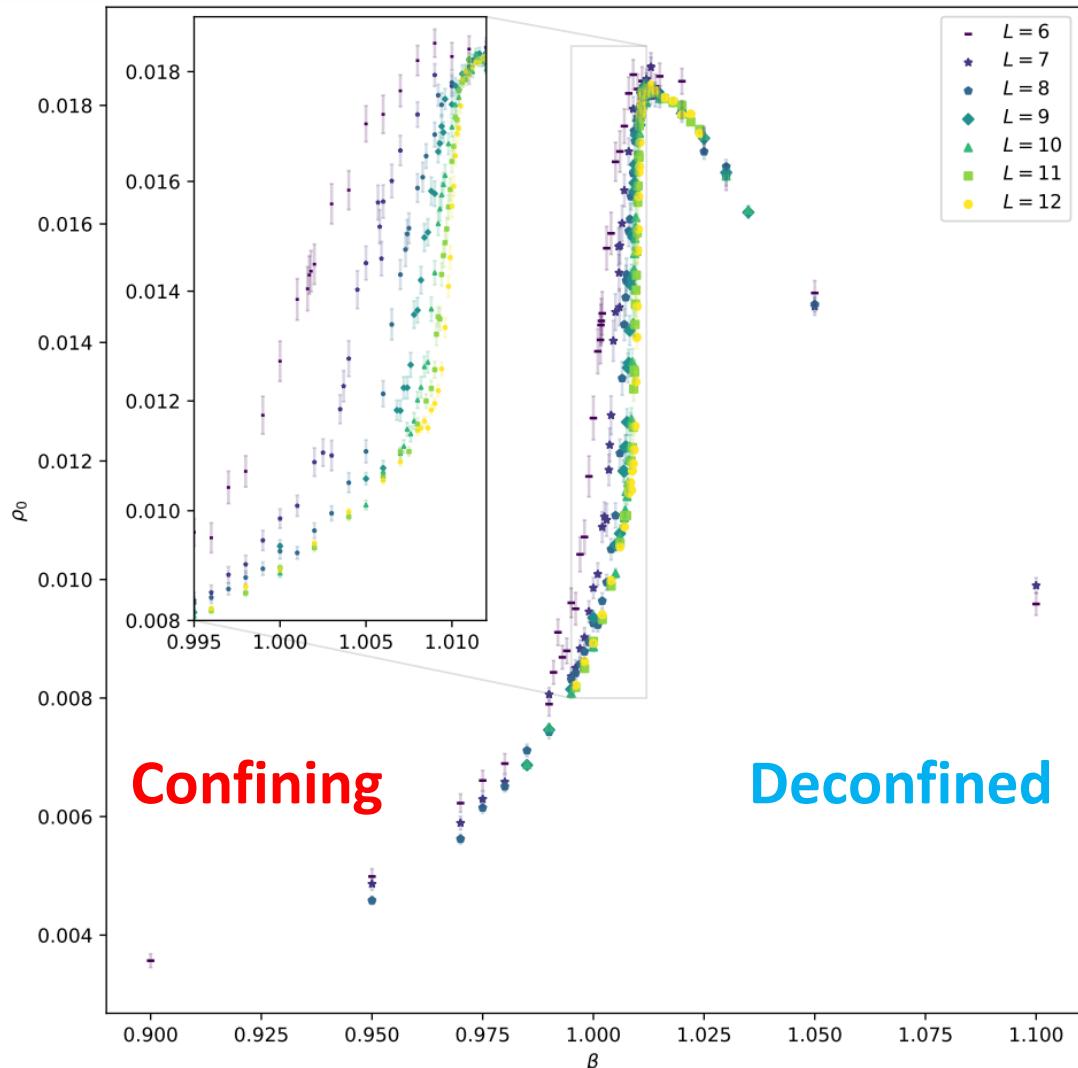


## Confining Phase

Caveat: This schematic is a 2-dim analogue



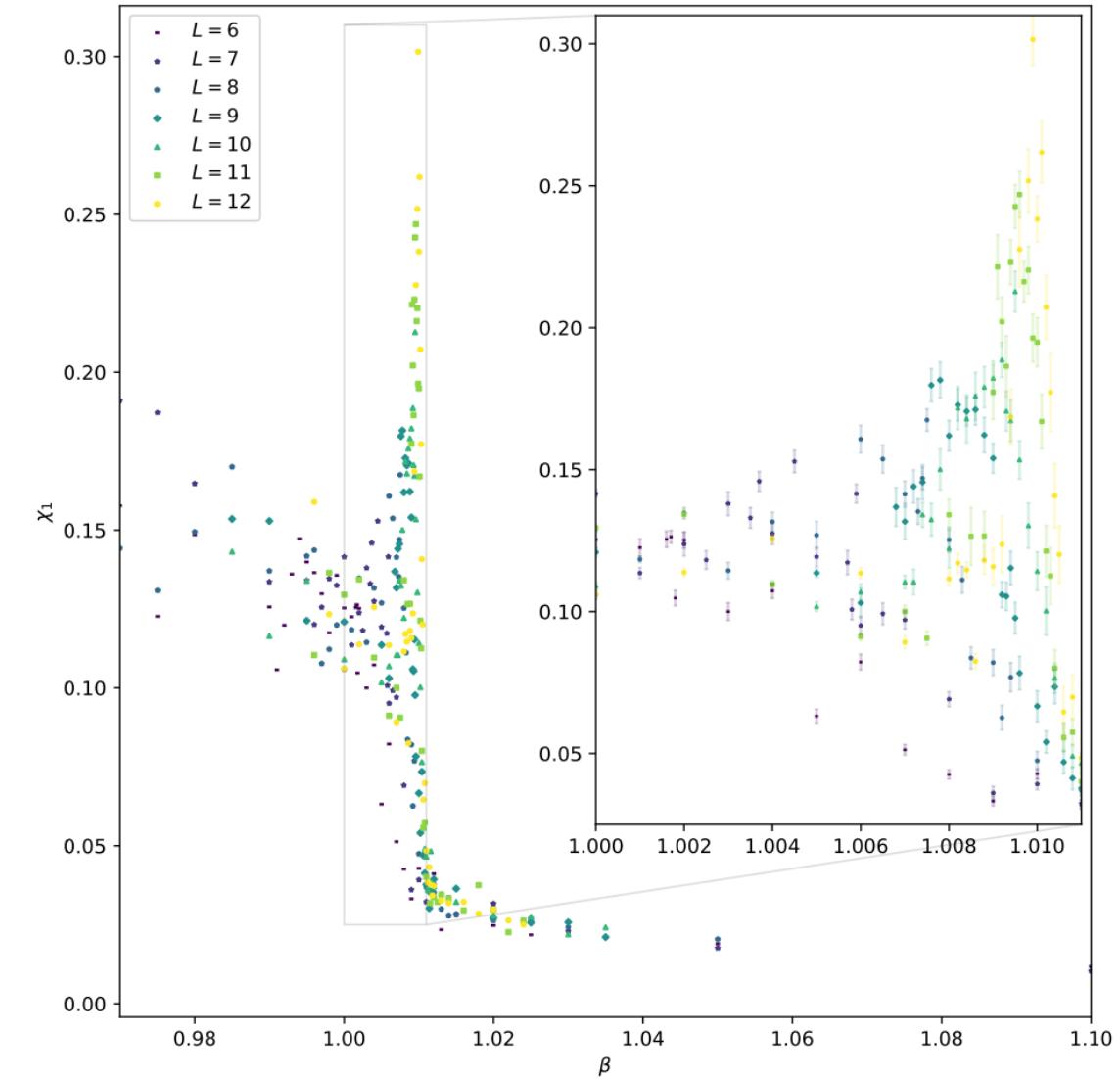
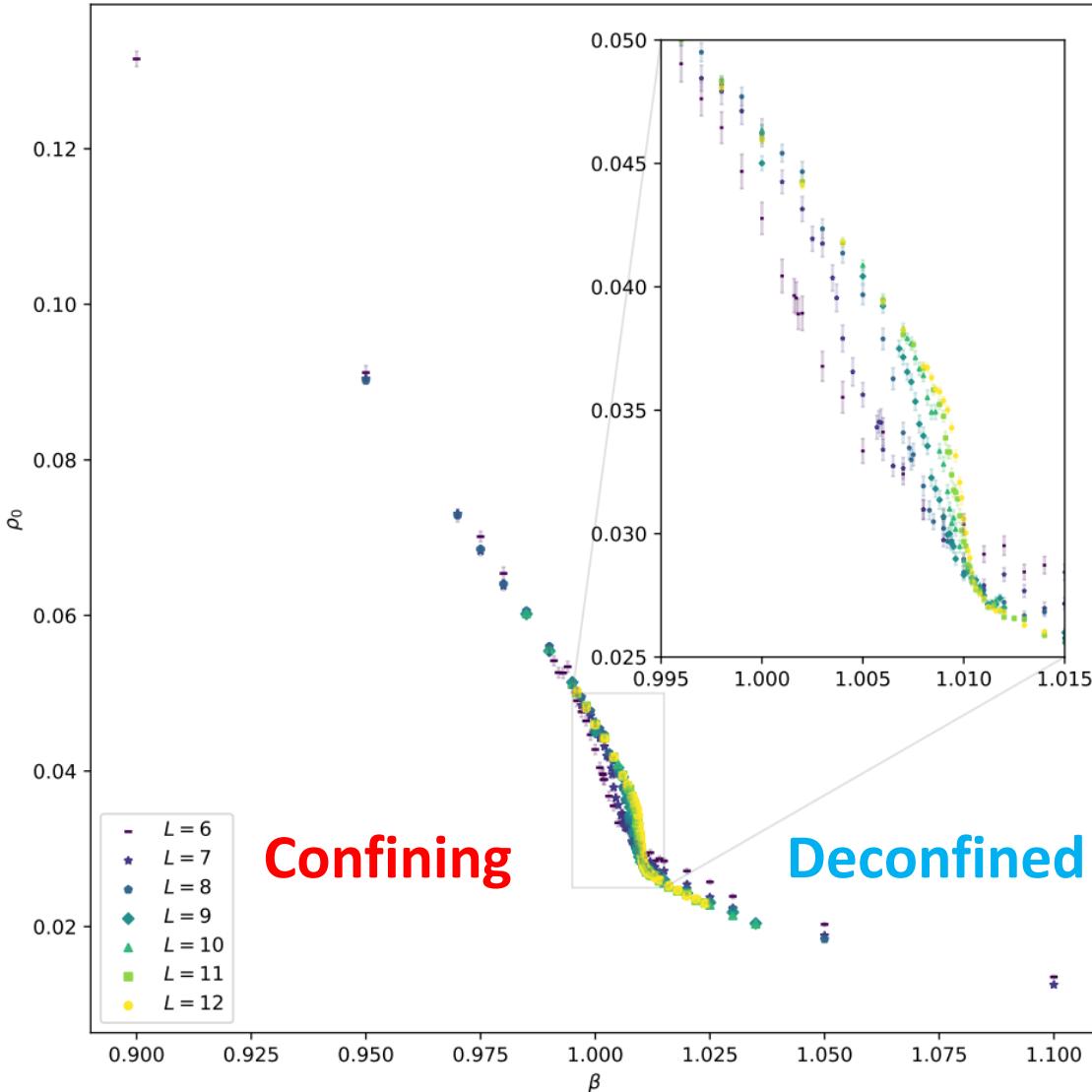
# $H_0$ (Current Network) = Number of Components (divided by lattice volume)





# $H_1(\text{Current Network}) = \text{Number of Loops}$

(divided by lattice volume)





# Finite size scaling analysis

$$L \rightarrow \infty$$

$E$	$\rho_0$	$\rho_1$
1.01071(3)	1.01076(6)	1.01076(6)

X. Crean, J.Giansiracusa, and B. Lucini,  
**Topological Data Analysis of Monopole Current  
Networks in U(1) Lattice Gauge Theory (2024)**

[arXiv:2403.07739](https://arxiv.org/abs/2403.07739)



# Design cubical filtration to analyse

1. “size” of a monopole current loop
2. Network structures in the configuration



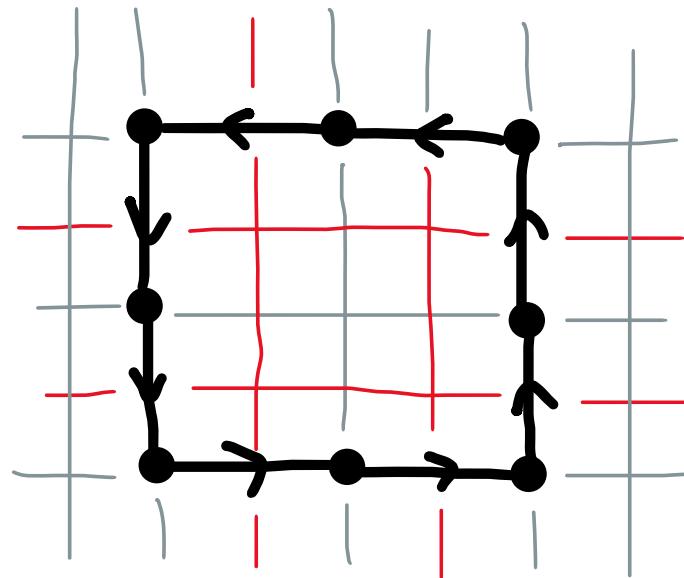
## Design cubical filtration to analyse

1. “size” of a monopole current loop
2. Network structures in the configuration

Idea:  
Expand volumes radially outwards from  
1-dim monopole current strings

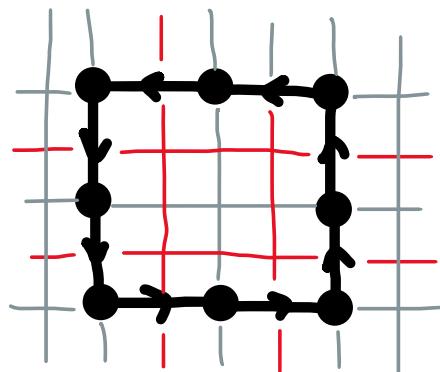
Like a *balloon animal*

# Filtration

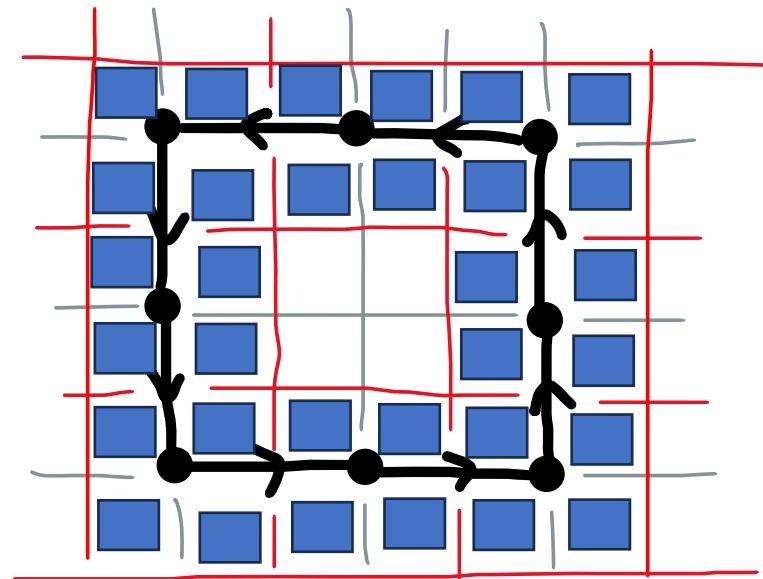


$t = 0$

# Filtration

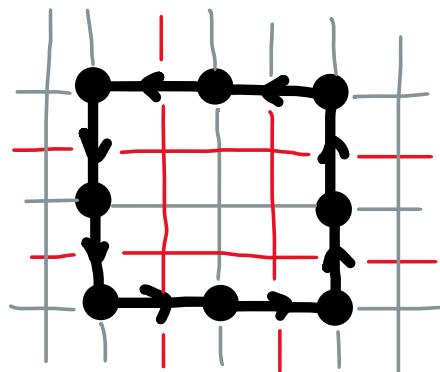


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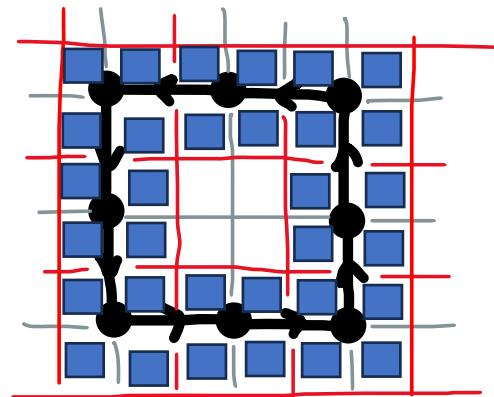


$t = 1$

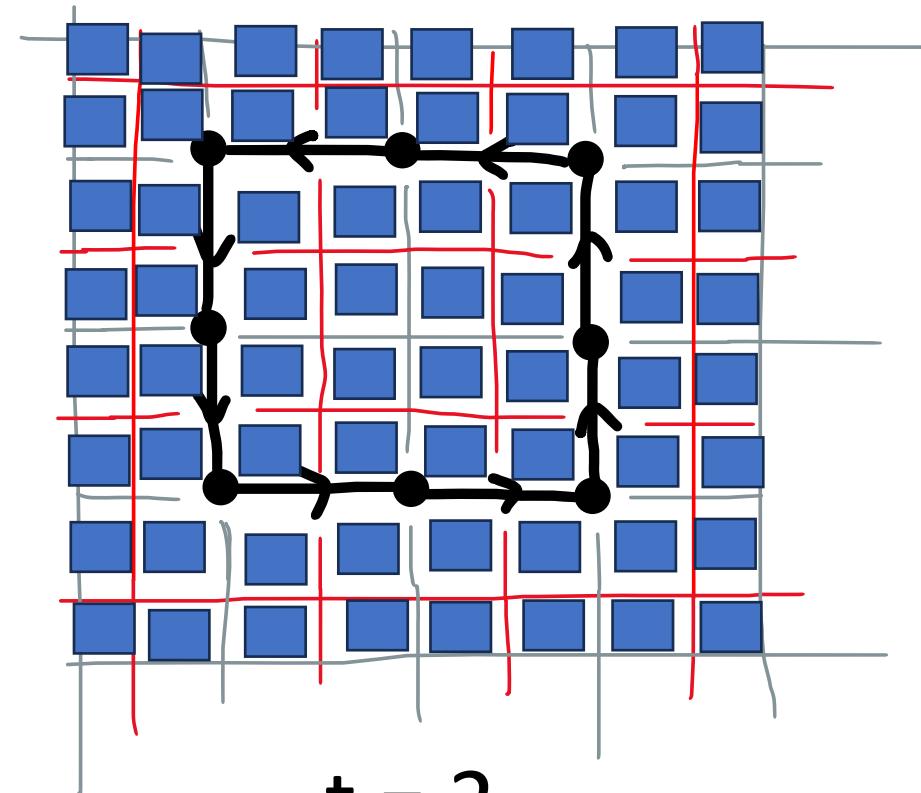
# Filtration



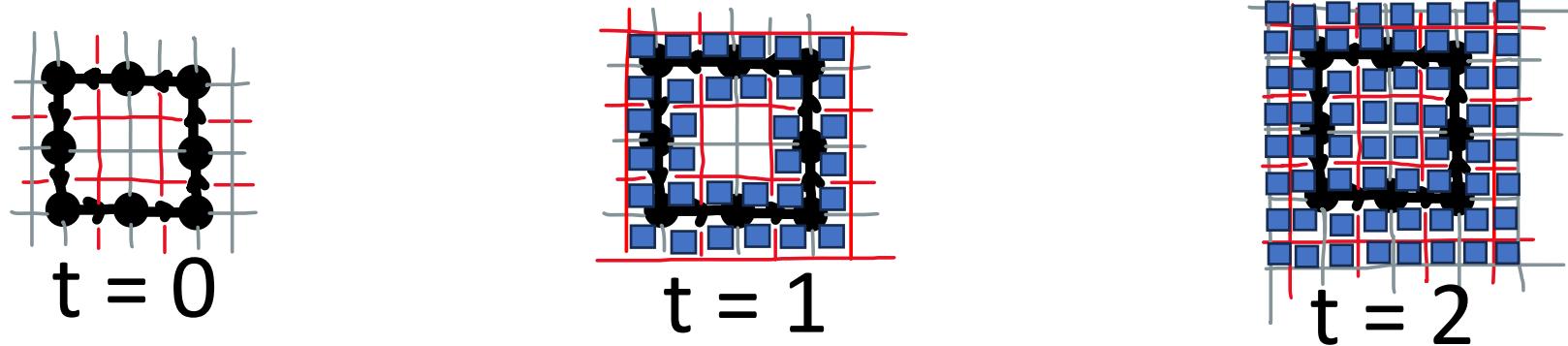
$t = 0$



$t = 1$



$t = 2$



Using this filtration  
can extract  
**the critical temperature**  
via ML classifier



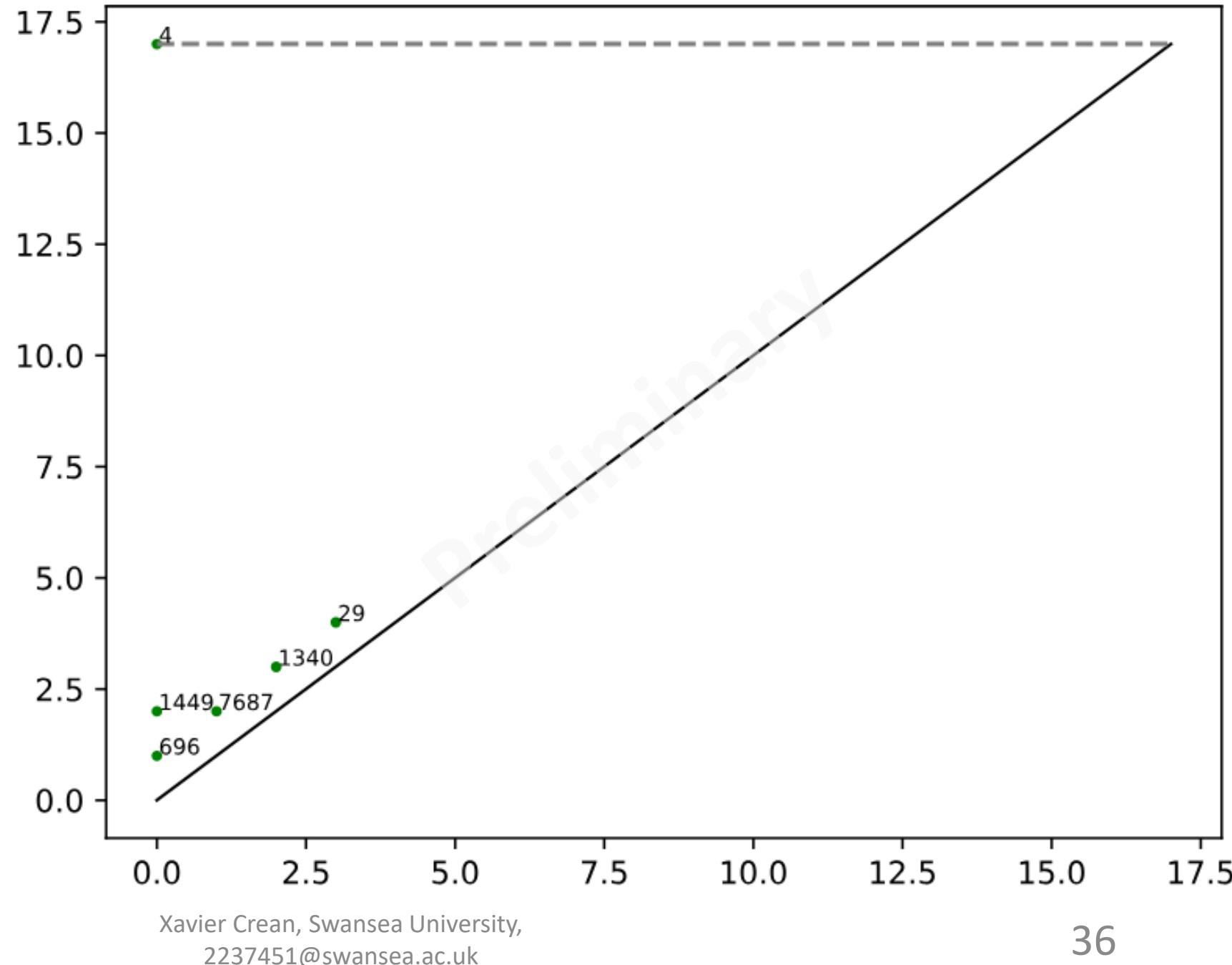
# Computing persistent homology outputs persistence diagram

where each topological feature is given

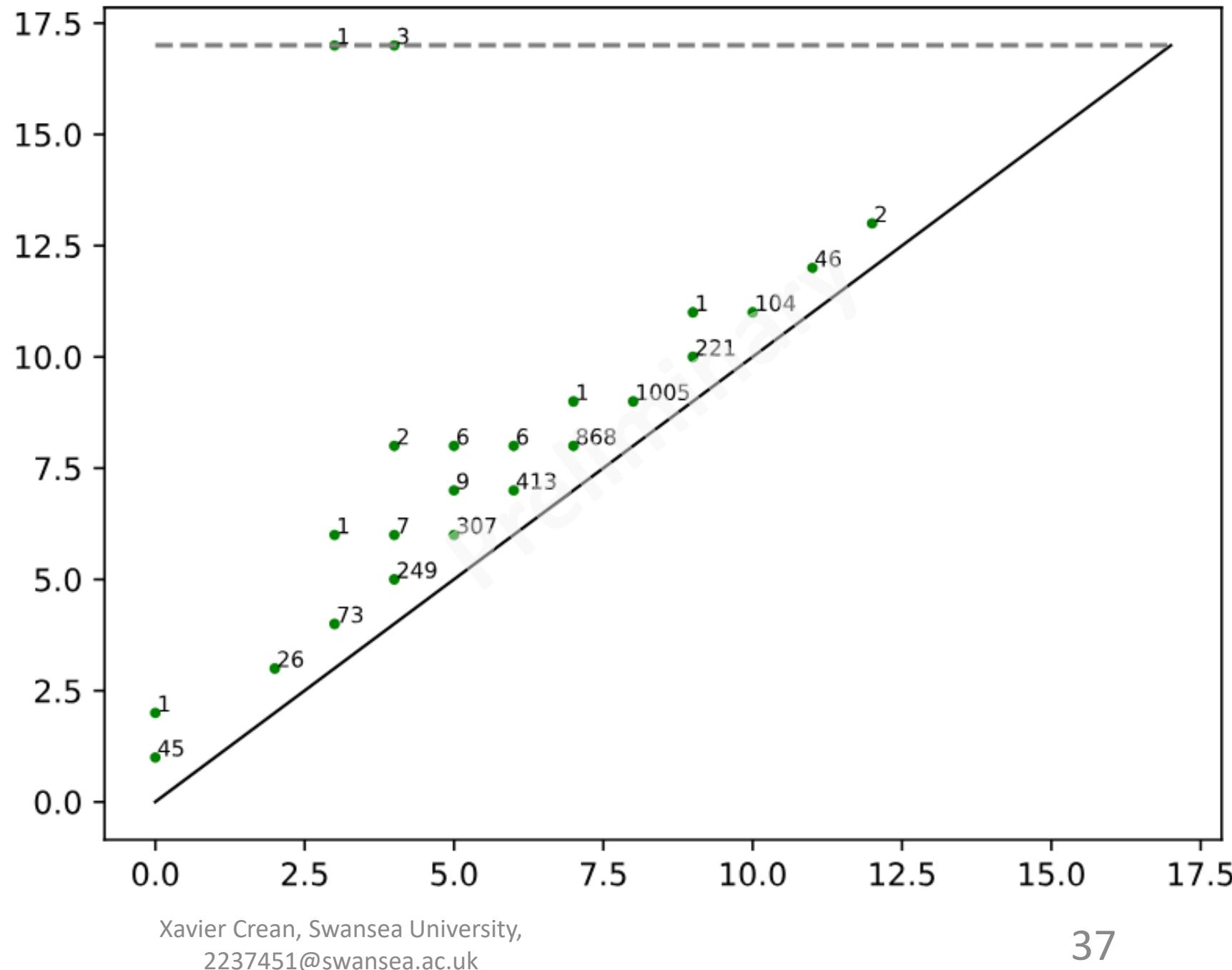
1. a birth time b
2. a death time d

these are plotted as points (b,d)

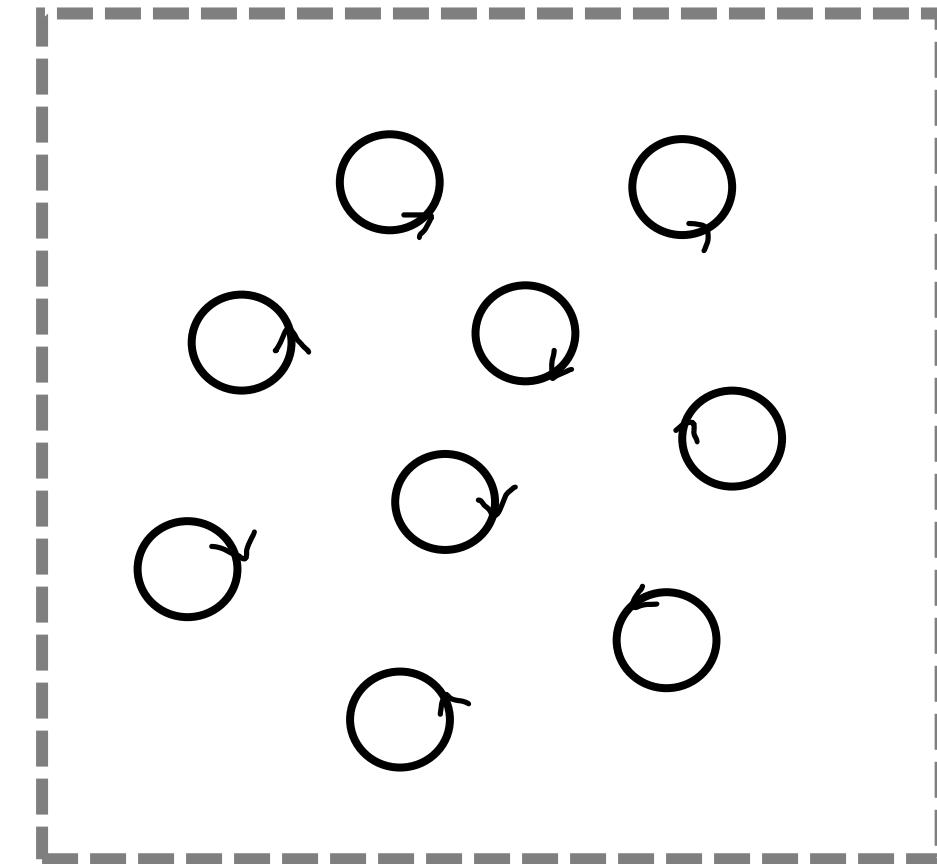
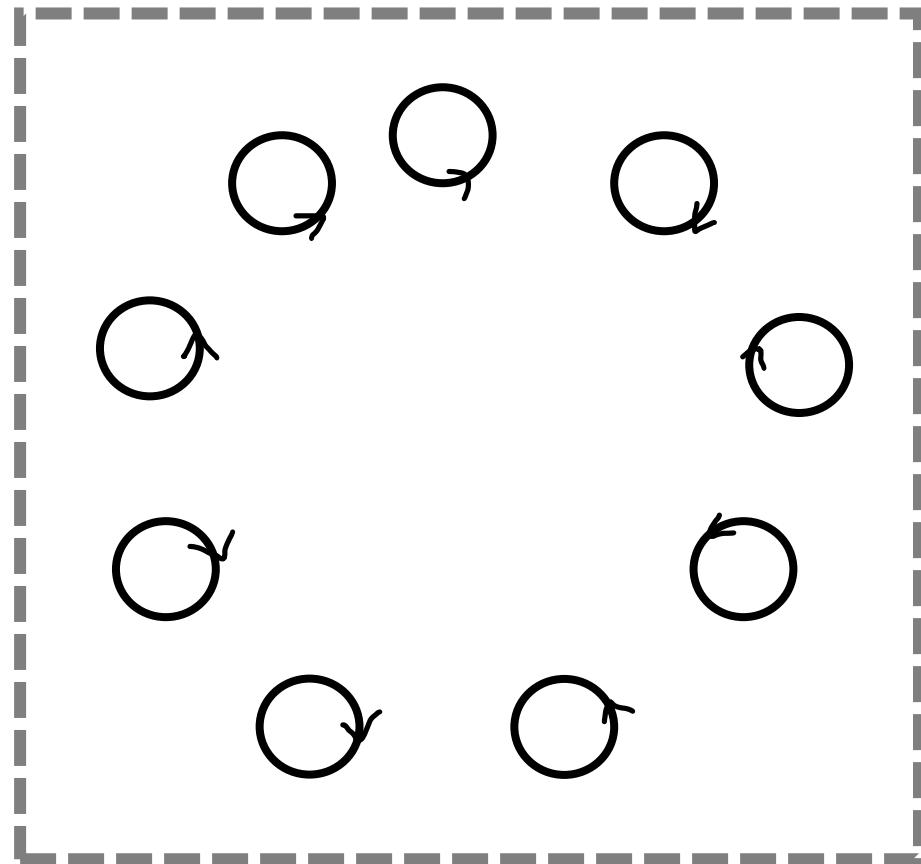
**Confined phase**  
with percolating  
current network



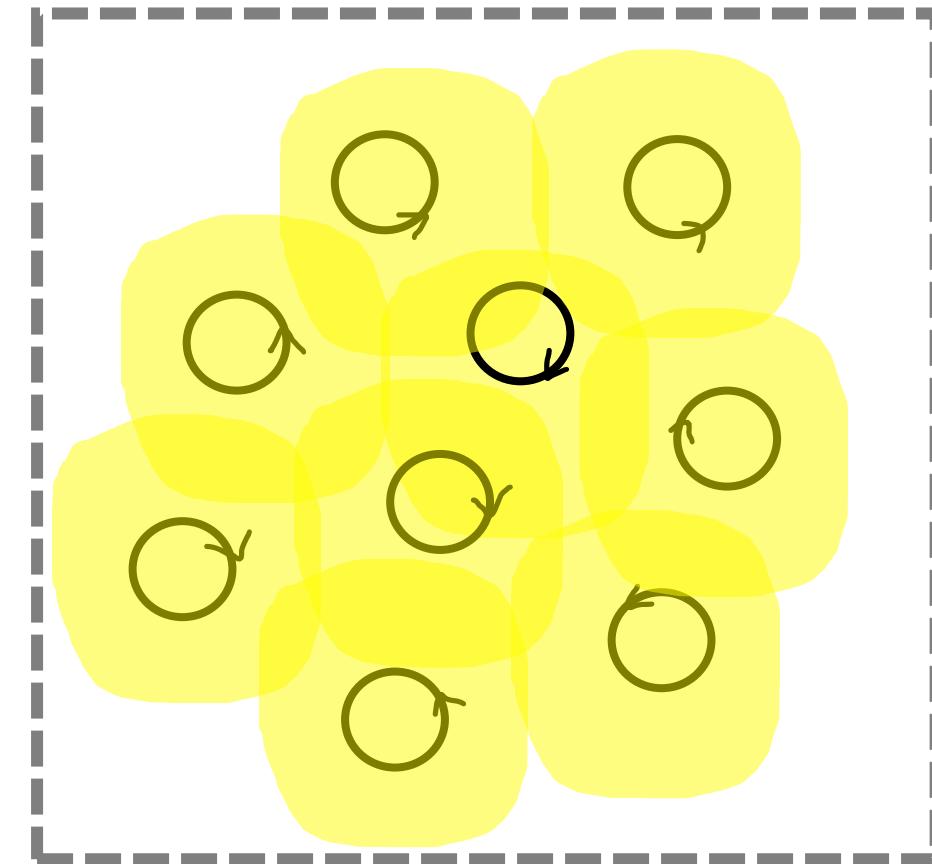
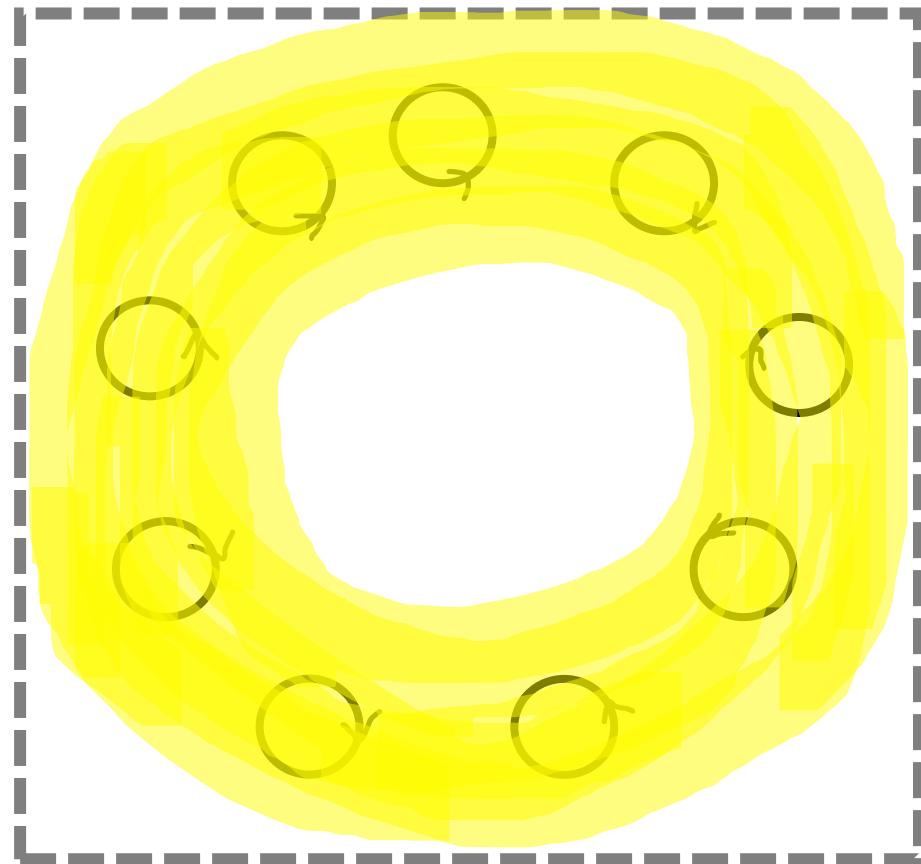
# Deconfined phase with small independent networks



# Do networks form large scale topological structures?



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Compare with random  
uniform density of loops

*(Paper in preparation)*

# Thanks for listening

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**Next talk Fri 12:35  
B. Lucini – Abelian monopoles in  $SU(3)$**