

Checks on QED and strong-isospin breaking corrections to a_μ^{HVP}

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Thursday 1st August, 2024

Talk by Alessandro Lupo, Mo 29.07., 03:55 PM, Quark and lepton flavour physics

Poster by Balint Toth, Tue 30.07., 6:15 PM, Poster session

Talk by Andrey Kotov, Wed 31.07., 11:55 AM, Quark and lepton flavour physics

Talk by Gen Wang, Fri 02.08., 3:55 PM, Standard Model parameters

QCD_{iso} Ensembles: Landscape

β	a [fm]	$L/a \times T/a$
3.7000	0.1315	48×64
3.7500	0.1191	56×96
3.7753	0.1116	56×84
3.8400	0.0952	64×96
3.9200	0.0787	80×128
4.0126	0.0640	96×144
4.1479	0.0483	128×192

Landscape of ensembles. Lattice spacings and volumes.

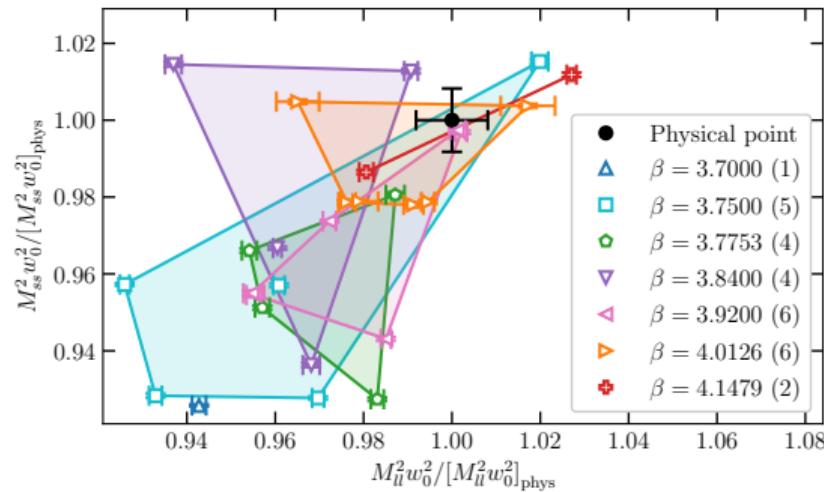
- ▶ Tree-level improved Symanzik gauge action¹, stout smeared² staggered fermion action ($n_{\text{step}} = 4$, $\rho = 0.125$)
- ▶ $2 + 1 + 1$ dynamical quark flavours with $m_u = m_d = m_l$
- ▶ Ensembles with 7 lattice spacings from 0.1315 fm to 0.0483 fm
- ▶ Added finer lattice spacing with $a = 0.0483$ fm compared to previous work³

¹Luscher and Weisz 1985.

²Morningstar and Peardon 2004.

³Borsanyi 2021.

QCD_{iso} Ensembles: Landscape



Landscape of ensembles. Black point: isospin-symmetric physical point.

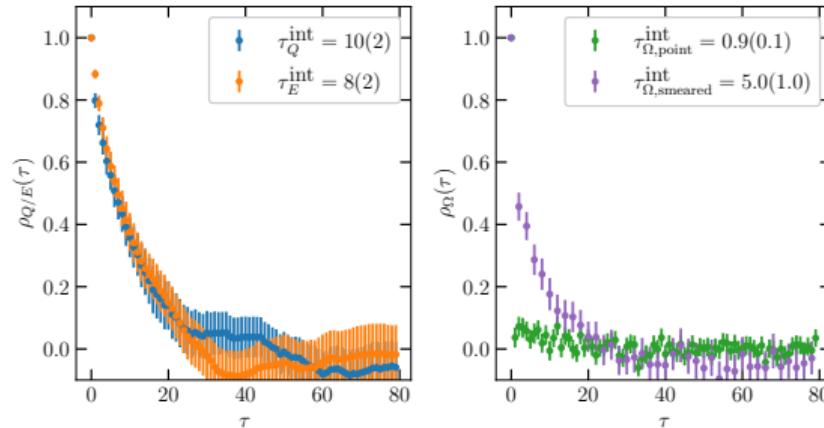
- ▶ M_{qq}^2 mass of quark-connected pseudo-scalar meson⁴
- ▶ m_l and m_s scatter around physical point
- ▶ m_c from ratio⁵ $m_c/m_s = 11.85$ within one per-cent of FLAG value⁶

⁴Borsanyi 2013.

⁵McNeile et al. 2010.

⁶Aoki 2022.

QCD_{iso} Ensembles: Autocorrelation analysis

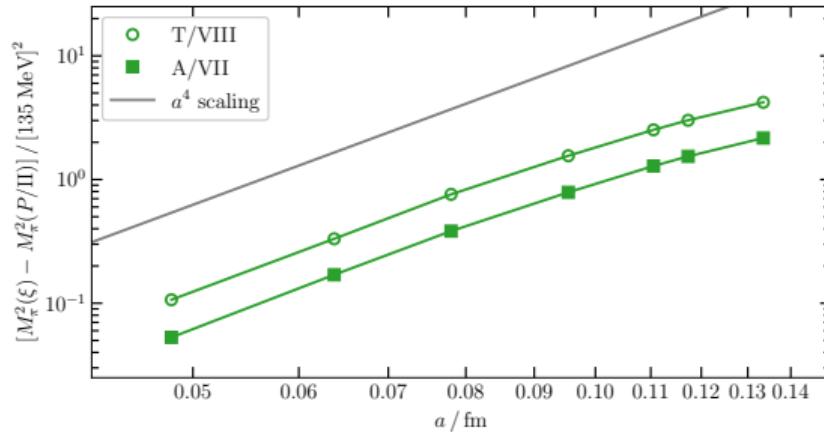


Normalised autocorrelation functions $\rho(\tau)$ and integrated autocorrelation times τ^{int} in units of configurations for the finest lattice with $\beta = 4.1479$

Autocorrelation analysis:

- ▶ Topological charge Q and energy density E evaluated at gradient flow time $t_f = w_0^2$ corresponding to $r_{\text{smear}} \approx 0.5 \text{ fm}$
 - ▶ Ω -baryon 2-pt function $C(t \approx 1.5 \text{ fm})$ (plateau region of m_{eff}) for point and smeared sources
 - ▶ $\tau^{\text{int}} \leq 10$ for considered observables
- ⇒ Jackknife resampling with 48 blocks, block length $B \approx 5 \cdot \tau_Q^{\text{int}}$ at $\beta = 4.1479$

QCD_{iso} Ensembles: Taste violations



Taste violations as a function of lattice spacing a for axial-vector A and tensor T tastes.

Lattice artefacts related to taste symmetry violations of staggered fermions:

- ▶ Masses of pions $M_\pi^2(\xi) = M_{ll}^2 + \Delta_{KS}(\xi)$ computed at average valence quark mass $\frac{1}{3}(2m_l + m_s)$, $\xi \in \{P, A, T, V, I\}$ sixteen meson tastes of the taste $SU(4)$ group
- ▶ $M_{ll}^2 = M_\pi^2(P)$ squared mass of pseudo-Goldstone pion $\Rightarrow \Delta_{KS}(P) = 0$
- ▶ Taste violations decrease with approx. with a^4 , consistent with $\alpha_s^3 a^2$
- ▶ $M_\pi(T) \approx 142$ MeV at $\beta = 4.1479$

Physical point and isospin breaking decomposition

QCD+QED:

- ▶ Physical point defined by M_{π^0} , M_{K^0} , M_{K^+} , M_{Ω^-} , α
- ▶ Matching scheme: $\hat{M}^2 = \frac{1}{2}(M_{uu}^2 + M_{dd}^2)$, $\Delta M^2 = M_{dd}^2 - M_{uu}^2$, M_{ss}^2 , w_0 , α
 ΔM^2 measure for strong isospin breaking

Matching scheme allows to decompose observables into isospin symmetric and isospin breaking contributions:

- ▶ For isospin breaking decomposition $[O]_{\text{phys}} = [O]_{\text{iso}} + [O]_{\text{sib}} + [O]_{\text{qed}}$ study functional dependence of observable $O(\hat{M}w_0, M_{ss}w_0, \Delta M^2 w_0^2, e)$
- ▶ Physical value $[O]_{\text{phys}} = O\left([\hat{M}w_0]_{\text{phys}}, [M_{ss}w_0]_{\text{phys}}, [\Delta M^2 w_0^2]_{\text{phys}}, e\right)$
- ▶ Isospin-symmetric contribution: $[O]_{\text{iso}} = O\left([\hat{M}w_0]_{\text{phys}}, [M_{ss}w_0]_{\text{phys}}, 0, 0\right)$
- ▶ Pure QCD contribution: $[O]_{\text{qcd}} = O\left([\hat{M}w_0]_{\text{phys}}, [M_{ss}w_0]_{\text{phys}}, [\Delta M^2 w_0^2]_{\text{phys}}, 0\right)$.
- ▶ Strong isospin breaking contribution $[O]_{\text{sib}} = [O]_{\text{qcd}} - [O]_{\text{iso}}$
- ▶ Electromagnetic contribution: $[O]_{\text{qed}} = [O]_{\text{phys}} - [O]_{\text{qcd}}$

Physical values of M_{uu} , M_{dd} , M_{ss} and w_0

- ▶ In partially-quenched χ PT + photons⁷: $\hat{M}^2 = \frac{1}{2}(M_{uu}^2 + M_{dd}^2) = M_{\pi^0}^2$ + NLO in IB

$$[\hat{M}]_{\text{phys}} = 134.9768(5) \text{ MeV}.$$

- ▶ Physical values of meson masses⁸:

$$[\Delta M^2]_{\text{phys}} = 13170(320)(270)[420] \text{ MeV}^2 \quad [M_{ss}]_{\text{phys}} = 689.89(28)(40)[49] \text{ MeV}$$

- ▶ Update on gradient-flow scale w_0 adding the 0.048 fm lattice spacing :

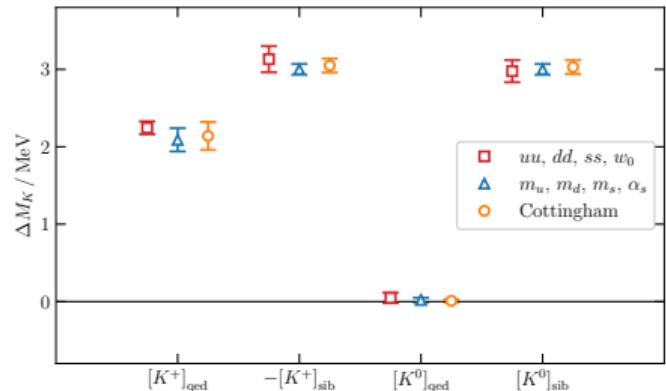
$$[w_0]_{\text{phys}} = 0.17245(22)(46)[51] \text{ fm}$$

More details → Talk by **Gen Wang, Friday 02.08., 3:55 PM, BSM Session**

⁷Bijnens and Danielsson 2007.

⁸Borsanyi 2021.

Matching scheme ambiguity: Kaon mass decomposition



Decomposition of the neutral and charged kaon masses in three different schemes.

Agreement on decomposition of M_K indicates equivalence of schemes ($\Delta M_\pi \propto \alpha$ at LO):

- ▶ This work⁹: $\{M_{uu}, M_{dd}, M_{ss}, w_0\}$
- ▶ Gasser-Rusetsky-Scimemi (GRS) scheme¹⁰: $\{m_u, m_d, m_s, \alpha_s\}$ in $\overline{\text{MS}}$ at $\mu = 2 \text{ GeV}$

⇒ Good agreement with GRS and Cottingham-formula based schemes

$$\begin{aligned} [M_{K^0/+}]_{\text{iso}} &= 494.55(31) \text{ MeV} \\ [M_{K^0}]_{\text{sib}} &= +2.98(14) \text{ MeV} \\ [M_{K^0}]_{\text{qed}} &= 0.05(7) \text{ MeV} \\ [M_{K^+}]_{\text{sib}} &= -3.13(17) \text{ MeV} \\ [M_{K^+}]_{\text{qed}} &= 2.25(8) \text{ MeV} \end{aligned}$$

Decomposition in the $\{M_{uu}, M_{dd}, M_{ss}, w_0\}$ scheme.

- ▶ Cottingham-formula based decomposition¹¹: Relates electromagnetic self-energy to forward Compton tensor

⁹Borsanyi 2021.

¹⁰Di Carlo et al. 2019.

¹¹Stamen et al. 2022.

Verification of IB contributions: Previous setup

Computation of strong-isospin breaking (SIB) and the valence QED contributions to a_μ^{light} :

$$[a_\mu^{\text{light}}]'_m \equiv m_l \frac{\partial [a_\mu^{\text{light}}]}{\partial \delta m} \Big|_{\delta m=0}$$

$$[a_\mu^{\text{light}}]''_{20} \equiv \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 [a_\mu^{\text{light}}]}{\partial e_v^2} \Big|_{e_v=0}$$

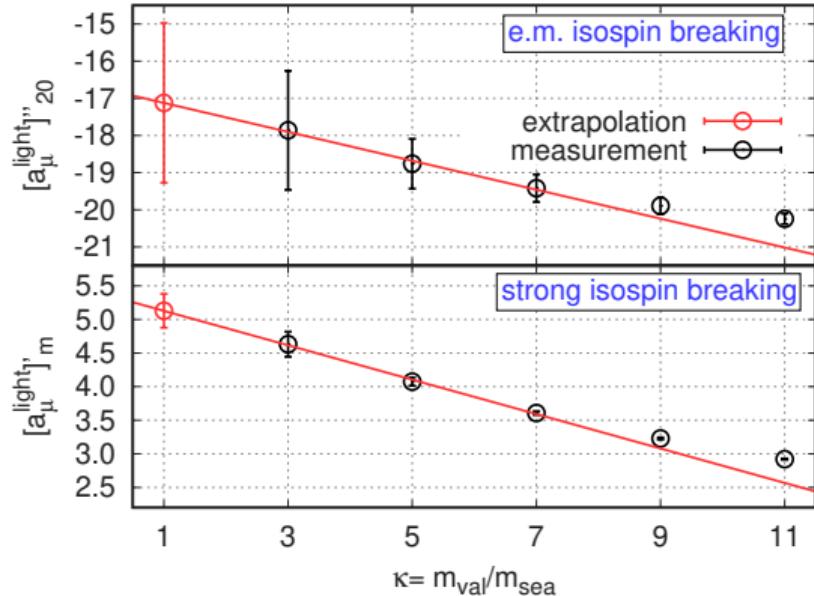
$$\delta m \equiv m_d - m_u$$

$$m_l \equiv \frac{1}{2} (m_u + m_d)$$

e_v charge of valence quarks

Previous setup¹² based on chiral extrapolation:

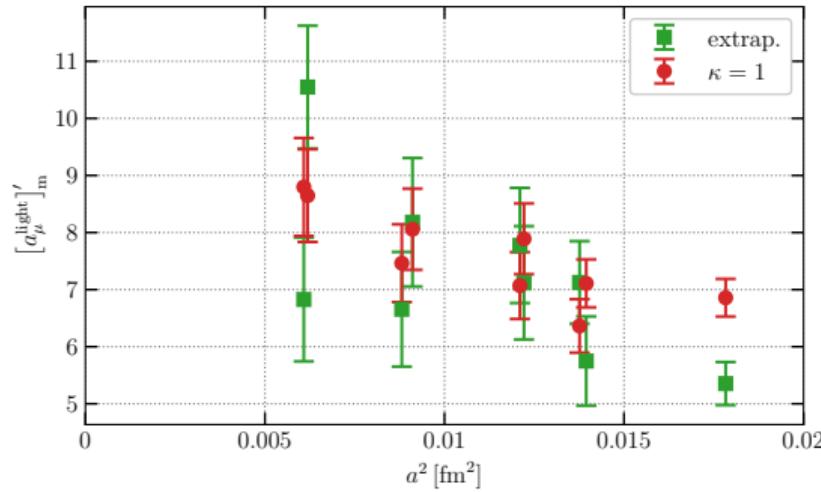
- ▶ Measurements at valence quark mass $\kappa \cdot m_l$ with $\kappa = 3, 5, 7, 9, 11$
- ▶ Linear chiral extrapolation to $\kappa = 1$ based on $\kappa = 3, 5, 7$



Extrapolation procedure for $[a_\mu^{\text{light}}]'_m$ and $[a_\mu^{\text{light}}]''_{20}$ for $\beta = 3.7000$

¹²Borsanyi 2021.

Verification of IB contributions: Light connected SIB



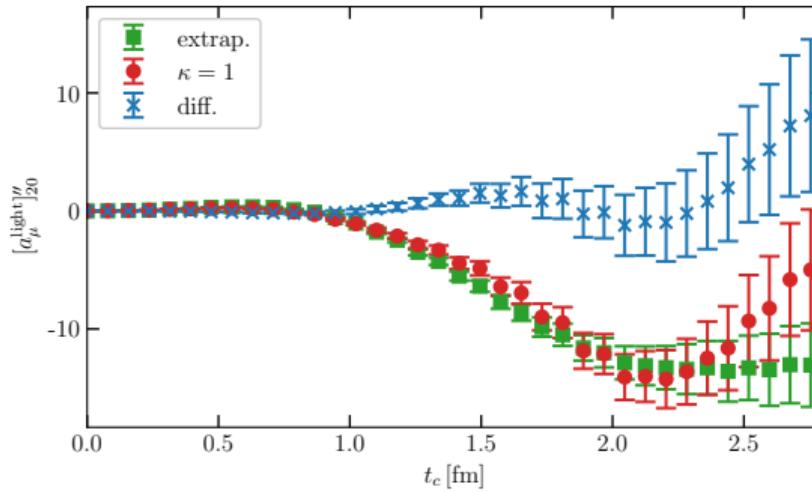
Comparison between $[a_\mu^{\text{light}}]'_m$ based on chiral extrapolation and LMA

Computation of $[a_\mu^{\text{light}}]'_m$ with exact mass derivative:

- ▶ Previous work¹³: Chiral extrapolation
 - ▶ Now: Low Mode Averaging (LMA) technique at $\kappa = 1$
- ⇒ New computation confirms previous results

¹³Borsanyi 2021.

Isospin breaking effects: Light connected valence QED



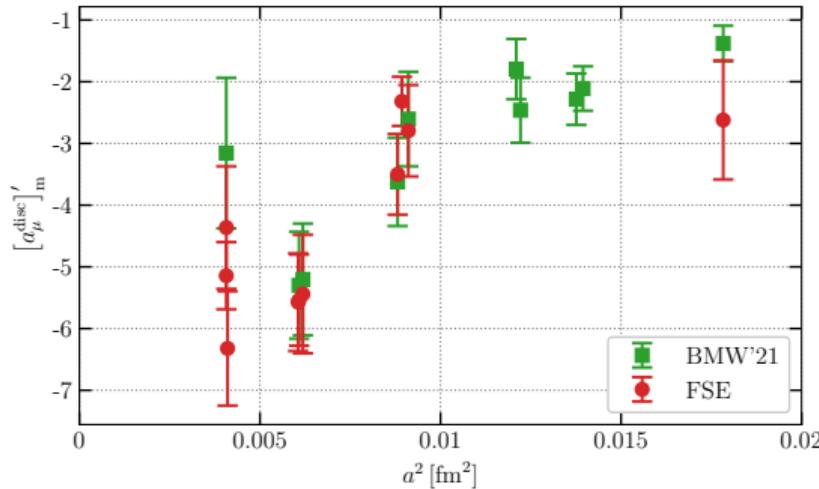
$[a_\mu^{\text{light}}]''_{20}$ on a single configuration at $a = 0.0787$ fm as function of the upper limit of integration t_c .

Computation of $[a_\mu^{\text{light}}]''_{20}$ based on discrete derivative ($e_v = +\frac{1}{3}e, 0, -\frac{1}{3}e$):

- ▶ Previous work¹⁴: Chiral extrapolation
 - ▶ Now: Low-mode averaging (LMA) at $\kappa = 1$
- ⇒ Checked extrapolation procedure on single QCD and QED configuration at $a = 0.0787$ fm

¹⁴Borsanyi 2021.

Verification of IB contributions: Disconnected SIB



Comparison between standard stochastic estimator and FSE of SIB to $(a_\mu^{\text{disc}})_{\text{sib}}$.

Computation of $(a_\mu^{\text{disc}})_{\text{sib}}$:

- ▶ Previous work¹⁵: Discrete derivative ($1.0 \cdot m_l$ and $0.9 \cdot m_l$) with 3000 random source vectors
- ▶ Now: Exact mass derivative, one-end trick (split-even estimator)¹⁶ with 128 random source vectors

⇒ Comparable results at reduced cost

¹⁵Borsanyi 2021.

¹⁶Boucaud 2008.

Summary

- ▶ Update of previous work¹⁷
- ▶ Added two ensembles with lattice spacing $a = 0.0483 \text{ fm}$
- ▶ Autocorrelation analysis
- ▶ Isospin breaking decomposition of M_K consistent with GRS and Cottingham formula based schemes
⇒ strong indicator of equivalence of schemes (at current level of precision)
- ▶ Improved and verified computation of leading isospin breaking corrections to a_μ^{HVP}

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